

**ASSEMBLY BILL**

**No. 2378**

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**Introduced by Assembly Member Perea**  
**(Coauthors: Assembly Members Ian Calderon, Dababneh, Frazier,**  
**Gonzalez, and Wieckowski)**

February 21, 2014

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An act to amend Section 4656 of the Labor Code, relating to workers' compensation.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2378, as introduced, Perea. Workers' compensation: temporary disability payments.

Existing law establishes a workers' compensation system, administered by the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation, to compensate an employee for injuries arising out of and in the course of his or her employment. Existing law requires that aggregate disability payments for a single injury occurring on or after certain dates be limited, as provided.

Existing law provides that whenever any member of the Department of Justice falling within the state peace officer/firefighter class is disabled by injury arising out of and in the course of his or her duties, he or she shall become entitled, regardless of his or her period of service with the Department of Justice to a leave of absence while so disabled without loss of salary, in lieu of disability payments under this chapter, for a period not exceeding one year. Existing law also provides that certain peace officers, firefighters, and other specified state and local public employees are entitled to a leave of absence without loss of salary while disabled by injury or illness arising out of and in the course of employment.

This bill would provide that the above-specified leaves of absence without loss of salary are payable in addition to the maximum aggregate disability payments for a single injury that is applicable to all workers. The bill would make these provisions applicable to all claims, regardless of the date of injury. The bill would also make related findings and declarations.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.  
State-mandated local program: no.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the  
2 following:  
3 (a) Under current law, the courts are compelled to liberally  
4 construe the workers' compensation statutes with the purpose of  
5 extending related benefits for the protection of workers injured in  
6 the course of their employment, so long as the intent of the  
7 Legislature, as expressed in a particular statute, is not supplanted.  
8 (b) With the enactment of Assembly Bill 338 of the 2007–08  
9 Regular Session (AB 338), the Legislature expressly intended to  
10 ameliorate what was then the unintended consequence of unfairly  
11 penalizing an injured employee who returned to work that resulted  
12 from the two-year limit that was placed on aggregate disability  
13 payments for certain single injuries causing temporary disability.  
14 (c) As introduced, the clearly stated purpose of AB 338 was to  
15 alleviate the penalty to injured workers pursuant to Section 4656  
16 of the Labor Code by increasing the maximum number of weeks  
17 of temporary disability payments for which an injured worker may  
18 be eligible, while also extending the time period of eligibility.  
19 (d) In enacting AB 338, the Legislature adopted a consensus  
20 solution that more closely upholds the purpose of the workers'  
21 compensation system, which, by design, encourages and supports  
22 injured workers in their efforts to return to work.  
23 (e) Article 6 (commencing with Section 4800) and Article 7  
24 (commencing with Section 4850) of Chapter 2 of Part 2 of Division  
25 4 of the Labor Code, both of which govern industrially injured  
26 firefighters and other local public safety officers, provide for a  
27 leave of absence for up to one year without a loss of salary in lieu  
28 of temporary disability payments or maintenance allowance

1 payments while the public safety officer or firefighter is recovering  
2 from a disability arising out of and in the course of his or her duties.

3 (f) The Legislature, in enacting AB 338, did not intend to limit  
4 or reduce the amount of payments made to a public safety officer  
5 or firefighter during his or her period of temporary disability.

6 (g) In January 2013, California's Court of Appeal, First District,  
7 Division 4, issued a ruling in *County of Alameda v. Workers'*  
8 *Compensation Appeals Board* (Knittel) (2013) 213 Cal.App.4th  
9 278, which linked the limitations on temporary disability indemnity  
10 payments established by Section 4656 of the Labor Code and the  
11 payments provided under Article 6 (commencing with Section  
12 4800) and Article 7 (commencing with Section 4850) of Chapter  
13 2 of Part 2 of Division 4 of the Labor Code.

14 (h) Knittel starkly contradicts a longstanding, prevailing  
15 authority on this issue, including several Workers' Compensation  
16 Appeals Board decisions, that determined that the leave of absence  
17 afforded under Article 6 (commencing with Section 4800) and  
18 Article 7 (commencing with Section 4850) of Chapter 2 of Part 2  
19 of Division 4 of the Labor Code is not a temporary disability  
20 indemnity benefit, and, therefore does not count against an  
21 industrially injured public safety officer's allowable number of  
22 compensable weeks of temporary disability indemnity payments.

23 (i) In rendering Knittel, the court attributed this new  
24 interpretation aggregating both the temporary disability indemnity  
25 payments and the salary in lieu payments to public safety officers  
26 (Article 6 (commencing with Section 4800) and Article 7  
27 (commencing with Section 4850) of Chapter 2 of Part 2 of Division  
28 4 of the Labor Code) to the subtleties of the language changes  
29 found in AB 338.

30 (j) This interpretation has also disenfranchised and potentially  
31 created a disability bias against the small number of public safety  
32 officers and firefighters who suffer severe industrial injuries as a  
33 matter of course and rely upon the in lieu of salary payments in  
34 addition to the temporary disability indemnity afforded to all  
35 workers under the California system.

36 (k) It is imperative that the Legislature abrogate the holding in  
37 Knittel and restore the Legislature's intent to limit aggregate  
38 temporary disability indemnity payments under Section 4656 of  
39 the Labor Code for a single injury causing temporary disability  
40 without disturbing the in-lieu payments afforded under Article 6

(commencing with Section 4800) and Article 7 (commencing with Section 4850) of Chapter 2 of Part 2 of Division 4 of the Labor Code.

SEC. 2. Section 4656 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

4656. (a) Aggregate disability payments for a single injury occurring prior to January 1, 1979, causing temporary disability shall not extend for more than 240 compensable weeks within a period of five years from the date of the injury.

(b) Aggregate disability payments for a single injury occurring on or after January 1, 1979, and prior to April 19, 2004, causing temporary partial disability shall not extend for more than 240 compensable weeks within a period of five years from the date of the injury.

(c) (1) Aggregate disability payments for a single injury occurring on or after April 19, 2004, causing temporary disability shall not extend for more than 104 compensable weeks within a period of two years from the date of commencement of temporary disability payment.

(2) Aggregate disability payments for a single injury occurring on or after January 1, 2008, causing temporary disability shall not extend for more than 104 compensable weeks within a period of five years from the date of injury.

(3) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), for an employee who suffers from the following injuries or conditions, aggregate disability payments for a single injury occurring on or after April 19, 2004, causing temporary disability shall not extend for more than 240 compensable weeks within a period of five years from the date of the injury:

(A) Acute and chronic hepatitis B.

(B) Acute and chronic hepatitis C.

(C) Amputations.

(D) Severe burns.

(E) Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).

(F) High-velocity eye injuries.

(G) Chemical burns to the eyes.

(H) Pulmonary fibrosis.

(I) Chronic lung disease.

(d) (1) *The employee benefits specified in Article 6 (commencing with Section 4800) and Article 7 (commencing with Section 4850), are payable in addition to the maximum aggregate disability*

1 *payments established in this section. This subdivision applies to*  
2 *all claims, regardless of date of injury.*  
3 *(2) In enacting this subdivision, it is the intent of the Legislature*  
4 *to abrogate the holding in County of Alameda v. Workers'*  
5 *Compensation Appeals Board (Knittel) (2013) 213 Cal.App.4th*  
6 *278.*

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